Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application. Please amend Claims 1 as indicated in the following Listing of Claims.

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A floor covering comprising:
 - a) i) at least one elastomer as a polymeric binder based on at least one polyolefin with a density < 0.910 g/cm³, wherein the elastomer is at least partially cross-linked with at least one cross-linking agent based on an organic peroxide and optionally a co-cross-linking agent, and wherein the at least one polyolefin is selected from a copolymer of ethylene and a linear aliphatic α-olefin; and
 - b) ii) at least one grafted copolymer, wherein the grafted copolymer is maleic acid anhydride grafted HD polyethylene.
- 2. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the polyolefin has a density of 0.85 0.892 g/cm³.
- 3. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the polyolefin is selected from among the class of very low density (VLD) PE polymers.
- 4. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the polyolefin is a mixture of at least two ethylene copolymers, wherein the ethylene copolymer mixture comprises a copolymer (a) as the main polymer with a density of 0.89 0.91 g/cm³ and a copolymer (b) to control rheology and elasticity with a density of 0.86-0.88 g/cm³ and a melt flow index (MFI) > 3.
- 5. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the copolymers (a) and (b) are present at a weight ratio of 4:1 to 3:2.

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6. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the

copolymers (a) and (b) are copolymers of ethylene and octene.

7-8. (Cancelled)

9. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the

grafting degree is 1% to 5%.

10. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the

proportion of grafted copolymer in relation to the total weight of the polymeric binder

is 5% to 25% by weight.

11. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the

elastomer is cross-linked with at least one cross-linking agent based on an organic

peroxide and optionally a co-cross-linking agent.

12. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 11, wherein the co-

cross-linking agent is an isocyanuric acid derivative or an acrylate or a methacrylate

derivative derived from a polyol.

13. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, which further

comprises a filler, a pigment, a processing aid, an antioxidant, a static eliminator, a

UV stabilizer or a slip agent.

14. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the filler

is a mixture of platelet-shaped and crystalline mineral intergrowths.

15. (Previously presented) The floor covering as claimed in Claim 1, having a variable

color pattern and a homogeneous design.

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16. (Withdrawn) Process for producing a floor covering as claimed in Claim 1,

comprising the provision of a substrate in the form of a strip and the application of the

elastomers defined in Claim 1 to one side of the substrate.

17. (Withdrawn) Process for producing a floor covering as claimed in Claim 1

comprising the following steps:

(a) compounding of the polymeric material defined in [Claims 1 to 14] Claim 1 to

produce a ground or granulate material;

(b) wetting of particles with a solution containing at least one organic peroxide

free from aromatic hydrocarbons and possibly one or several co-cross-linking

agents and possibly process oil, wherein the particles contain the above-

defined polymers, which form the polymeric binder of the floor covering

according to the invention, either cross-linked or partially cross-linked in the

form of a ground or granulate stock,

(c) heating of the particles to a temperature at which the peroxide has sufficiently

long stability, wherein the particles are subsequently precompacted and shaped

into a flat product, and

(d) pressing of the flat product thus obtained in a suitable apparatus at a

temperature at which the half-life of the peroxide is reduced such that cross-

linking initiated by the peroxide simultaneously occurs to obtain a flat end

product.

18. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the wetting of the particles is

carried out such that, in a first step, the particles are wetted and mixed with one or

several co-cross-linking agents and possibly process oil and subsequently, in a second

step, are wetted and mixed with at least one organic peroxide free from aromatic

hydrocarbons and possible process oil.

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19. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the mass in step (a) is

compounded, in addition, with a chemical expanding agent.

20. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 19, wherein, after cross-linking under

pressure in step (d), foaming of the material is effected by releasing the pressure at a

further increased temperature.

21. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 19, wherein the chemical expanding agent

is a sulfohydrazide or azodicarbonamide or a combination thereof.

22. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 17, comprising the following steps:

(a) compounding of the polymeric material defined in Claim 1 together with

additives, fillers, peroxide, co-cross-linking agents and a chemical expanding

agent;

(b) partial cross-linking and foaming of the mixture in an extruder;

(c) discharging of the foam through an extruder nozzle into a water bath and

granulating of the slab thus formed; and

(d) further grinding and drying of the granulate, which is then wetted with a

mixture of liquid peroxide, co-cross-linking agents and mineral oil, wherein

the ground stock is subsequently distributed over a release paper and covered

with an anti-adhesive paper and is fed into a heated press, with the temperature

and pressure adjusted such that the particle bed along the heating surfaces

becomes plastic and melts to form a closed surface and at the same time the

temperature initiates the decomposition of the peroxide, whereby the outer

layers simultaneously cross-link, so that a floor covering with integral

structure is obtained.

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23. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 19, wherein the back of the covering is ground for sizing in a post-treatment step.

- 24. (Withdrawn) Process as claimed in Claim 17, wherein the structure of the cross-linked material is revealed after exposing the surface by grinding and/or splitting.
- 25. (Cancelled)